Nigeria – Cross River State Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The Nigeria- Cross River State GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Nigeria could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Nigeria- Cross River State GYTS was a school-based survey of students in Junior Secondary 1-3 and Senior

Secondary 1-3, conducted in 2001. A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Cross River State. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 90.0%, the student response rate was 85.7%, and the overall response rate was 77.1%. A total of 2049 students participated in the Nigeria – Cross River State GYTS.

Prevalence

18.8% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Male = 20.4%, Female = 13.7%)

22.1% currently use any tobacco product (Male = 23.9%, Female =17.0%)

9.1% currently smoke cigarettes (Male = 9.7%, Female = 5.7%)

17.4% currently use other tobacco products (Male = 19.3%, Female = 14.0%)

20.4% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

45.2% think boys and 28.0% think girls who smoke have more friends 16.9% think boys and 15.9% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

34.1% usually smoke at home

48.7% buy cigarettes in a store

62.4% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Environmental Tobacco Smoke

34.8% live in homes where others smoke

49.1% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

59.8% think smoking should be banned from public places

33.1% think smoke from others is harmful to them

14.8% have one or more parents who smoke

7.7% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

81.7% want to stop smoking

66.4% tried to stop smoking during the past year

94.2% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

69.7% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

61.6% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

54.7% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

28.3% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

18.0% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

44.4% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 31.9% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

50.2% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- 22% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 9% currently smoke cigarettes; 17% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS exposure is high 1 in 3 students live in homes where others smoke; half are exposed to smoke in public places.
- 1 in 3 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- 6 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- 8 in 10 smokers want to stop.
- 7 in 10 students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; over half of students saw pro-cigarette ads in the past 30 days.